SAT Math Problems

1.  A car travels at a speed of 5.2 meters per second. What is this speed in kilometers per hour, rounded to the nearest tenth? (Use 1 kilometer = 1,000 meters.)

A.   18.5 km/h

B.   18.6 km/h

C.   18.7 km/h

D.   18.8 km/h

2.  A car is traveling at a speed of 5.6 meters per second. What is this speed in kilometers per hour, rounded to the nearest tenth? (Use 1 kilometer = 1,000 meters)

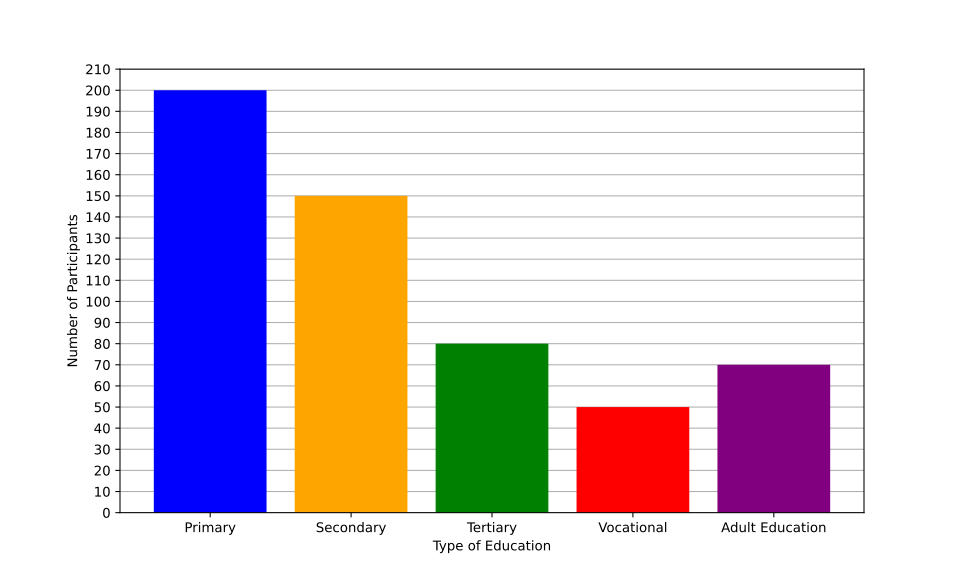
3.  The given equation relates the positive numbers , , and . Which equation correctly expresses in terms of a and ?

A.

B.

C.

D.

4.  Refer to the bar graph above. Which two categories of education combined represent exactly of the total number of participants in the study? 

A.    Primary and Tertiary

B.    Secondary and Adult Education

C.    Primary and Vocational

D.    Primary and Secondary

5.  What value of x is the solution to the equation ?

A.   5

B.   6

C.   7

D.   8

6.  Carlos runs a small bakery and sold 250 pastries this week. He plans to save of these pastries to donate to a local shelter. How many pastries will Carlos save for donation?

A.    35

B.    37

C.    38

D.    40

7.  In triangle DEF, the measure of angle D is 32°, the measure of angle E is 90°, and the measure of angle F is °. What is the value of m?

A.   162

B.   168

C.   174

D.   180

8.  After a space survey of Mars, of the estimated resources were deemed suitable for extraction. If 1400 units of suitable resources were found, how many units of resources were initially estimated?

A.   4667 units

B.   4800 units

C.   4500 units

D.    4200 units

9.  What is the median of the following data set? data set = [15, 22, 8, 34, 10]

A.    10

B.    15

C.    22

D.    34

10.  A city government decides to invest in a new public transportation system to boost the local economy. The growth of the local economy, measured in millions of dollars, can be modeled by the function , where is the number of years since the investment was made. What will be the approximate growth of the local economy after 6 years?

SAT Math Solutions

1.  A car travels at a speed of 5.2 meters per second. What is this speed in kilometers per hour, rounded to the nearest tenth? (Use 1 kilometer = 1,000 meters.)

A.   18.5 km/h

B.   18.6 km/h

C.   18.7 km/h

D.    18.8 km/h

## Answer

C

## Solution

This problem tests the student’s ability to convert units of speed from meters per second to kilometers per hour. It assesses understanding of unit conversion principles and multiplication skills.  
To solve this problem, students need to first understand the conversion factor between meters and kilometers, and seconds and hours. The speed is given in meters per second, and it needs to be converted to kilometers per hour. This requires multiplying the speed by the conversion factors: 1,000 meters per kilometer and 3,600 seconds per hour.  
Remember that 1 kilometer is 1,000 meters and there are 3,600 seconds in an hour. To convert from meters per second to kilometers per hour, multiply the speed by 3.6 (since ).  
A common mistake is to forget to convert both the meters to kilometers and the seconds to hours. Ensure to multiply by 3.6, not 3,600 or 1,000, as this already accounts for both conversions.  
This type of problem is common in SAT exams as it evaluates the student’s ability to perform unit conversions, which is essential in solving real-world problems. By practicing such questions, students can improve their accuracy and speed in handling unit conversion tasks, which are key skills in the Problem Solving and Data Analysis section.  
  
Start with the speed in meters per second: 5.2 m/s.  
Convert meters to kilometers by multiplying by 0.001: 5.2 m/s 0.001 km/m = 0.0052 km/s.  
Convert seconds to hours by multiplying by 3,600: 0.0052 km/s 3600 s/h = 18.72 km/h.  
The speed in kilometers per hour is 18.72 km/h, which is rounded to the nearest tenth as 18.7 km/h.

2.  A car is traveling at a speed of 5.6 meters per second. What is this speed in kilometers per hour, rounded to the nearest tenth? (Use 1 kilometer = 1,000 meters)

## Answer

20.2

## Solution

This problem tests the student’s ability to convert units, specifically from meters per second to kilometers per hour. It examines their understanding of basic unit conversion and multiplication principles.  
To solve this problem, the student should first recognize that they need to convert meters per second to kilometers per hour. They should multiply the given speed by 3.6, as there are 1,000 meters in a kilometer and 3,600 seconds in an hour. This conversion factor (3.6) is derived from dividing 3,600 by 1,000.  
Remember that converting from meters per second to kilometers per hour involves a simple multiplication by 3.6. This is a common conversion factor and can save time if memorized. Additionally, ensure that you round the final answer to the nearest tenth as required by the problem.  
Be careful not to confuse meters with kilometers or seconds with hours. Ensure that each step of the conversion is clear and that the multiplication is accurate. Watch out for rounding errors; check whether you are rounding to the nearest tenth as the problem specifies.  
This problem is a straightforward test of unit conversion skills, which is a fundamental aspect of the ’Problem Solving and Data Analysis’ category on the SAT. It’s important to be familiar with common unit conversions and practice them regularly to improve speed and accuracy. Such problems assess practical math skills that are applicable in real-world scenarios, making them essential for SAT success.  
  
To convert 5.6 meters per second to kilometers per hour, we first convert meters to kilometers.  
.  
Next, we convert the speed from per second to per hour by multiplying by the number of seconds in an hour.  
.  
Rounding 20.16 to the nearest tenth gives us 20.2 kilometers/hour.

3.  The given equation relates the positive numbers , , and . Which equation correctly expresses in terms of a and ?

A.

B.

C.

D.

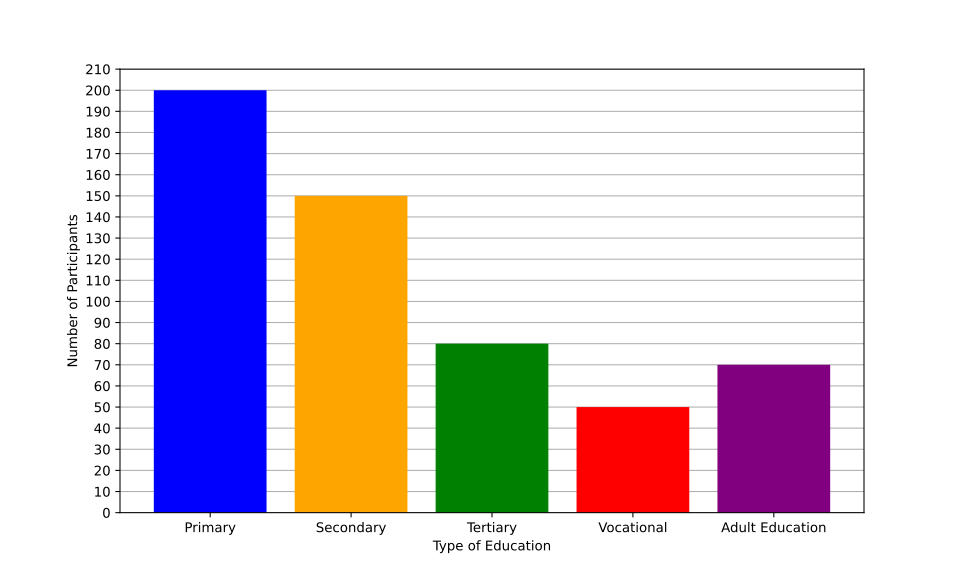
## Answer

B

## Solution

This question tests the student’s ability to isolate a variable in an equation. Specifically, it assesses their skills in algebraic manipulation and operations with polynomials.  
To isolate , we need to perform algebraic operations to get on one side of the equation by itself. Starting with the given equation, we should first eliminate the fraction by multiplying both sides by .  
When you encounter an equation with a fraction, a good first step is to eliminate the fraction by multiplying every term by the denominator. This often simplifies the equation and makes it easier to isolate the desired variable.  
Be careful with the signs and operations when multiplying or dividing both sides of the equation. Also, ensure that you correctly apply the distributive property if needed.  
This problem is a classic example of isolating a variable, a fundamental skill in algebra. It tests your ability to manipulate equations and understand algebraic relationships. Mastering this concept is crucial for higher-level math problems and is frequently tested in the SAT.

Start with the given equation: .  
Multiply both sides of the equation by b to eliminate the fraction: .  
Distribute b on the left-hand side: .  
Thus, the expression for in terms of and is .

4.  Refer to the bar graph above. Which two categories of education combined represent exactly of the total number of participants in the study? 

A.    Primary and Tertiary

B.    Secondary and Adult Education

C.    Primary and Vocational

D.    Primary and Secondary

## Answer

B

## Solution

This problem tests the student’s ability to interpret and analyze data presented in a bar graph. The student must understand how to calculate percentages and combine data from different categories to reach a specific target percentage.  
To solve this problem, the student should first determine the total number of participants by summing up the values for all categories shown in the bar graph. Next, calculate the individual percentages for each category. The student should then look for two categories whose combined percentage equals of the total number of participants.  
Start by carefully writing down the values for each category as shown in the bar graph. Make sure you accurately calculate the total and the percentages for each category. It may be helpful to list all the percentages in order so that you can easily identify pairs that sum to .  
Be cautious not to overlook any category when calculating the total participants. Double-check your addition and percentage calculations to ensure accuracy. Remember that small errors in these calculations can lead to incorrect conclusions.  
This problem is a classic example of interpreting graphical data, a common skill tested in SAT’s Problem Solving and Data Analysis section. It requires careful reading of the graph and precise arithmetic skills. Mastery of these skills demonstrates an ability to interpret and work with data, a key competency for academic and real-world problem solving.  
  
First, calculate the total number of participants: 200 (Primary) + 150 (Secondary) + 80 (Tertiary) + 50 (Vocational) + 70 (Adult Education) = 550.  
Calculate of the total: .  
Check combinations:  
Option A: Primary (200) + Tertiary (80) = 280, which is not equal to 220.  
Option B: Secondary (150) + Adult Education (70) = 220, which is equal to 320.  
Option C: Primary (200) + Vocational (50) = 250, which is not equal to 220.  
Option D: Primary (200) + Secondary (150) = 350, which is equal to 350, not 220.  
Therefore, Answer is B) Secondary and Adult Education

5.  What value of x is the solution to the equation ?

A.   5

B.   6

C.   7

D.    8

## Answer

C

## Solution

This problem is designed to assess the student’s ability to solve basic linear equations. It tests the understanding of isolating the variable on one side of the equation and simplifying expressions.  
To solve the equation , the student should first move all terms involving x to one side and constant terms to the other side. This can be done by subtracting from both sides, resulting in . Then, add 5 to both sides to isolate the term with x, resulting in . Finally, divide both sides by 5 to solve for x, giving .  
A useful tip is to always perform the same operation on both sides of the equation to maintain equality. Keeping track of positive and negative signs while rearranging terms is crucial. It might be helpful to write down each step to avoid mistakes.  
Be cautious about sign errors when moving terms across the equals sign. Common mistakes include forgetting to change the sign of terms or not simplifying completely. Also, ensure that you divide correctly at the last step to find the correct value of x.  
This type of problem is fundamental in algebra and is commonly found on the SAT. It evaluates a student’s ability to manipulate and solve linear equations accurately. Mastery of these basic algebraic skills is essential as they are the building blocks for more complex math problems on the test. Practicing problems like this enhances precision and speed, which are crucial in a timed test environment.  
  
Step 1: Start with the equation .  
Step 2: Subtract 10x from both sides to get .  
Step 3: Simplify the equation to .  
Step 4: Add 5 to both sides to get .  
Step 5: Divide both sides by 5 to isolate x, giving .

6.  Carlos runs a small bakery and sold 250 pastries this week. He plans to save of these pastries to donate to a local shelter. How many pastries will Carlos save for donation?

A.    35

B.    37

C.    38

D.    40

## Answer

C

## Solution

This problem aims to assess the student’s ability to work with percentages, specifically calculating a given percentage of a total quantity. It tests their understanding of basic percentage concepts and their ability to apply these concepts in a real-world context.  
To solve this problem, the student needs to calculate of 250 pastries. This can be done by converting the percentage to a decimal and multiplying it by the total number of pastries. The steps are as follows: (1) Convert to a decimal (0.15), (2) Multiply 0.15 by 250.  
A quick way to calculate percentages is to use the formula: . In this case, you can also break it down into simpler steps: first, find of 250, which is 25, and then find of 250, which is half of , hence 12.5. Adding these two results () gives you the final answer.  
Be careful when converting percentages to decimals. A common mistake is to forget to move the decimal point two places to the left. Also, double-check your multiplication to ensure accuracy. This problem is a straightforward percentage calculation, a fundamental skill in problem-solving and data analysis. Mastery of this type of question is crucial as it forms the basis for more complex percentage-related problems. Practice and familiarity with percentage conversions and calculations will make these questions easier and faster to solve on the SAT.  
  
Step 1: Convert percentage to a decimal: .  
Step 2: Multiply the total number of pastries by the decimal to find the number to be saved.  
Calculation: 250 pastries 0.15 = 37.5.  
Step 3: Since Carlos cannot save half a pastry, we round the number to the nearest whole number, which is 38.

7.  In triangle DEF, the measure of angle D is 32°, the measure of angle E is 90°, and the measure of angle F is °. What is the value of m?

A.   162

B.   168

C.   174

D.    180

## Answer

C

## Solution

This problem tests the student’s understanding of the properties of angles in a triangle, particularly the fact that the sum of the interior angles in a triangle is always 180 degrees. It also requires the student to solve for a variable within a given expression.  
To solve this problem, recognize that the sum of the angles in any triangle is 180 degrees. Given that angle E is 90 degrees, angle D is 32 degrees, and angle F is expressed as degrees, set up an equation: . Solve this equation for m by first combining the known angles and then isolating the variable.  
Remember that for any triangle, the sum of the interior angles is always 180 degrees. Also, pay attention to how the angle F is expressed in terms of m. Rearranging and solving linear equations accurately will help you find the correct value of m.  
Be careful with arithmetic operations, especially when working with fractions. Ensure that you properly isolate the variable m after combining like terms. Common mistakes include arithmetic errors or miscalculating the value of expressions.  
This problem is a classic example of testing the understanding of basic geometric principles such as the sum of interior angles in a triangle. It requires algebraic manipulation skills to isolate and solve for a variable. Such questions are designed to evaluate both geometric understanding and algebraic problem-solving abilities. Mastery of these concepts is crucial for success in the SAT math section.  
  
The sum of the angles in triangle DEF is: 32° + 90° + F = 180°  
Substituting the given measures: 32° + 90° + ° = 180°  
Combine the known angles: 122° + ° = 180°  
Subtract 122° from both sides: ° = 58°  
Solve for m by multiplying both sides by 3: m = 58°   
Calculate m: m = 174°

8.  After a space survey of Mars, of the estimated resources were deemed suitable for extraction. If 1400 units of suitable resources were found, how many units of resources were initially estimated?

A.   4667 units

B.   4800 units

C.   4500 units

D.   4200 units

## Answer

A

## Solution

This question tests the student’s ability to understand and manipulate percentages in a real-world context. Specifically, it requires knowledge of how to reverse engineer percentage calculations to find an original quantity based on a given part.  
The student should recognize that the 1400 units represent of the total estimated resources. To find the total estimated resources, the student can set up the equation and solve for Total Resources.  
To find the total from a percentage, divide the given part (1400 units) by the percentage (as a decimal). So, calculate to find the total estimated resources.  
Be careful not to confuse as a decimal. Remember to convert percentages to decimals by dividing by 100. Additionally, ensure that calculations are done accurately to avoid simple arithmetic errors.  
This problem is a classic example of percentage problems that require reversing the calculation process to find the original quantity. It assesses the student’s ability to convert percentages to decimals and solve equations. Mastery of such problems is crucial as it often appears in various real-world applications, making it an essential skill for SAT problem-solving sections.  
  
Set up the equation: .  
Divide both sides by 0.30 to solve for x.  
.  
x = 4666.6666666667.  
Round x to the nearest integer (or whole unit): x = 4667.

9.  What is the median of the following data set? data set = [15, 22, 8, 34, 10]

A.    10

B.    15

C.    22

D.    34

## Answer

B

## Solution

This problem tests the student’s understanding of how to find the median of a data set. It requires the student to know the steps involved in arranging the data in ascending order and identifying the middle value.  
To find the median, the student must first arrange the given data set in ascending order. After arranging, the student should identify the middle value in the ordered list. If the number of data points is odd, the median is the middle number. If the number of data points is even, the median is the average of the two middle numbers.  
When arranging the data set, ensure each number is placed correctly in ascending order. Count the total number of data points to determine whether the number of points is odd or even. If even, remember to calculate the average of the two middle numbers to find the median.  
A common mistake is to forget to arrange the data in ascending order before identifying the median. Another error to watch out for is miscalculating the average if the number of data points is even. Double-check your ordered list and calculations.  
This type of problem is fundamental in understanding data analysis and statistics. Accurately identifying the median is a crucial skill, as it helps in understanding the center of a data distribution. Practicing such problems can improve attention to detail and accuracy in data handling, which are essential skills for the SAT.  
  
Step 1: Arrange the numbers in ascending order: [8, 10, 15, 22, 34].  
Step 2: Identify the middle value. Since there are 5 numbers (an odd number), the median is the third number in the ordered set.  
Step 3: Therefore, the median is 15.

10.  A city government decides to invest in a new public transportation system to boost the local economy. The growth of the local economy, measured in millions of dollars, can be modeled by the function , where is the number of years since the investment was made. What will be the approximate growth of the local economy after 6 years?

## Answer

578.8125

## Solution

This problem tests the student’s ability to understand and work with exponential growth models, specifically applying the exponential function to calculate the future value of an investment over time. It assesses the student’s understanding of evaluating exponential functions and interpreting the parameters of the exponential model in a real-world context.  
To solve this problem, recognize that you need to evaluate the given exponential function at . Substitute into the function to calculate the growth of the local economy after 6 years. Simplify the exponent first, which involves division, and then calculate the power of 1.05 before multiplying by 500.  
First, simplify the exponent by dividing the number of years, 6, by 2 to make it easier to handle: . Then calculate . Use a calculator for accuracy to ensure you get the precise value. Finally, multiply the result by 500 to find the approximate growth.  
Be careful with the order of operations. Ensure you handle the exponentiation before multiplication. Additionally, remember to use a calculator for accurate calculations, especially since exponential computations can be prone to error if done manually. Double-check the division and exponentiation steps as they are crucial.  
This problem is representative of typical SAT questions involving exponential growth models. It is designed to evaluate a student’s proficiency in interpreting and manipulating exponential equations, an essential skill in advanced math. Successfully solving this problem demonstrates the ability to apply mathematical concepts to real-world scenarios, which is a key objective of the SAT Math section.  
  
Substitute into the function: .  
Simplify the exponent: .  
Calculate .  
First, calculate .  
Multiply by 500: .  
Thus, the approximate growth of the local economy after 6 years is 578.8125 million dollars.